THREATENED MAMMALS OF ARABUKO-SOKOKE FOREST

Arabuko-Sokoke Forest is the last remaining significant patch of coastal dry forest in Africa. **69 species** of mammal have been recorded in the 420km of forest including **TEN** listed in the IUCN Red List of Globally Threatened species (www.iucnredlist.org).

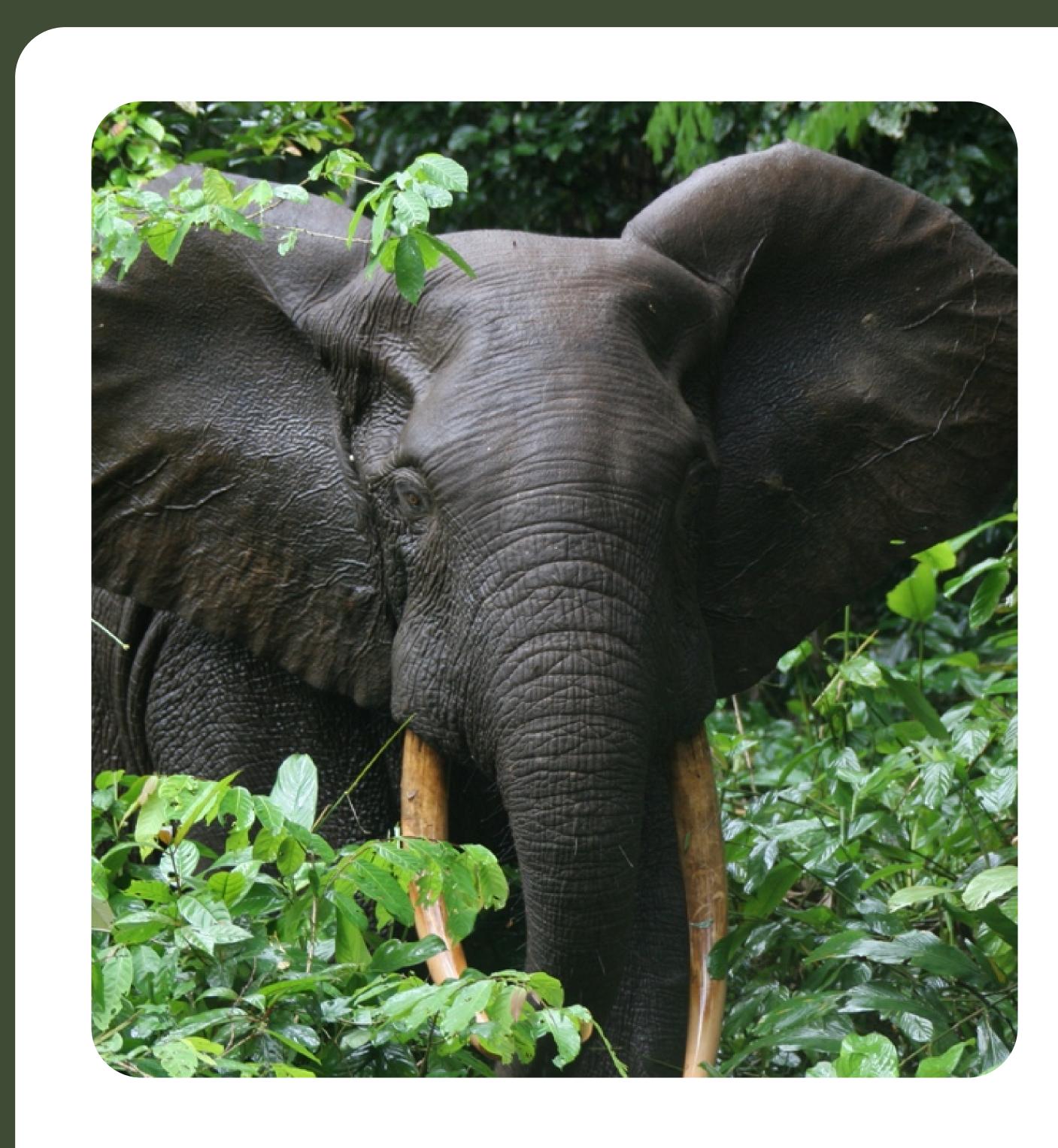
For this reason Arabuko-Sokoke is globally important for the conservation of these and many other species. Data for these species are freely available from the online Global Biodiversity Information Facility database (www.gbif.org). This poster presents the key threatened mammal species found in Arabuko-Sokoke.





GOLDEN-RUMPED ELEPHANT- SHREW RHYNCHOCYON CHRYSOPYGUS

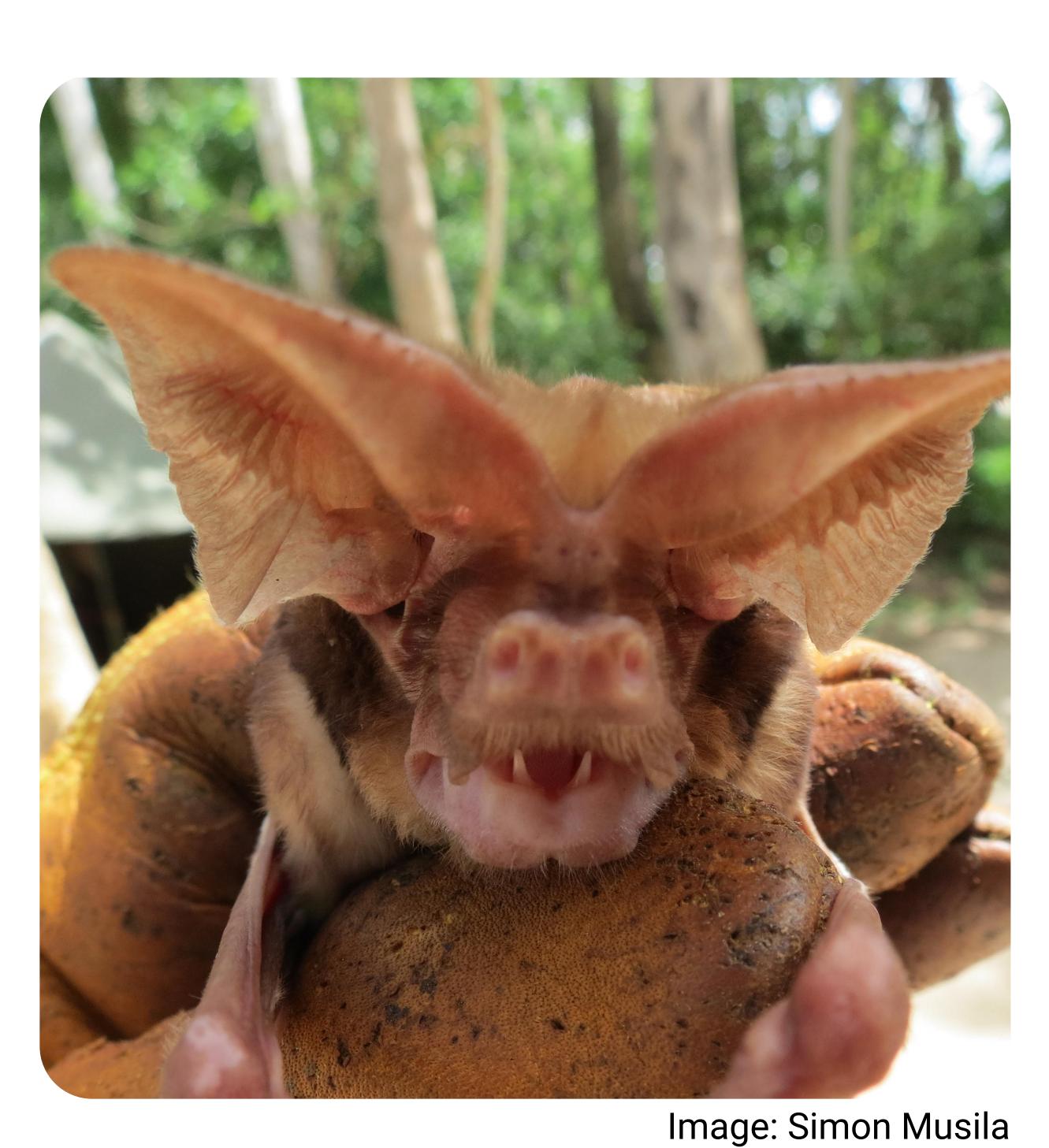
- Only found in and around
 Arabuko-Sokoke and Dakatcha
- Not elephant nor shrew but a rabbit-sized diurnal insectivore
- Population <13,000 and declining



AFRICAN ELEPHANT LOXODONTA AFRICANA

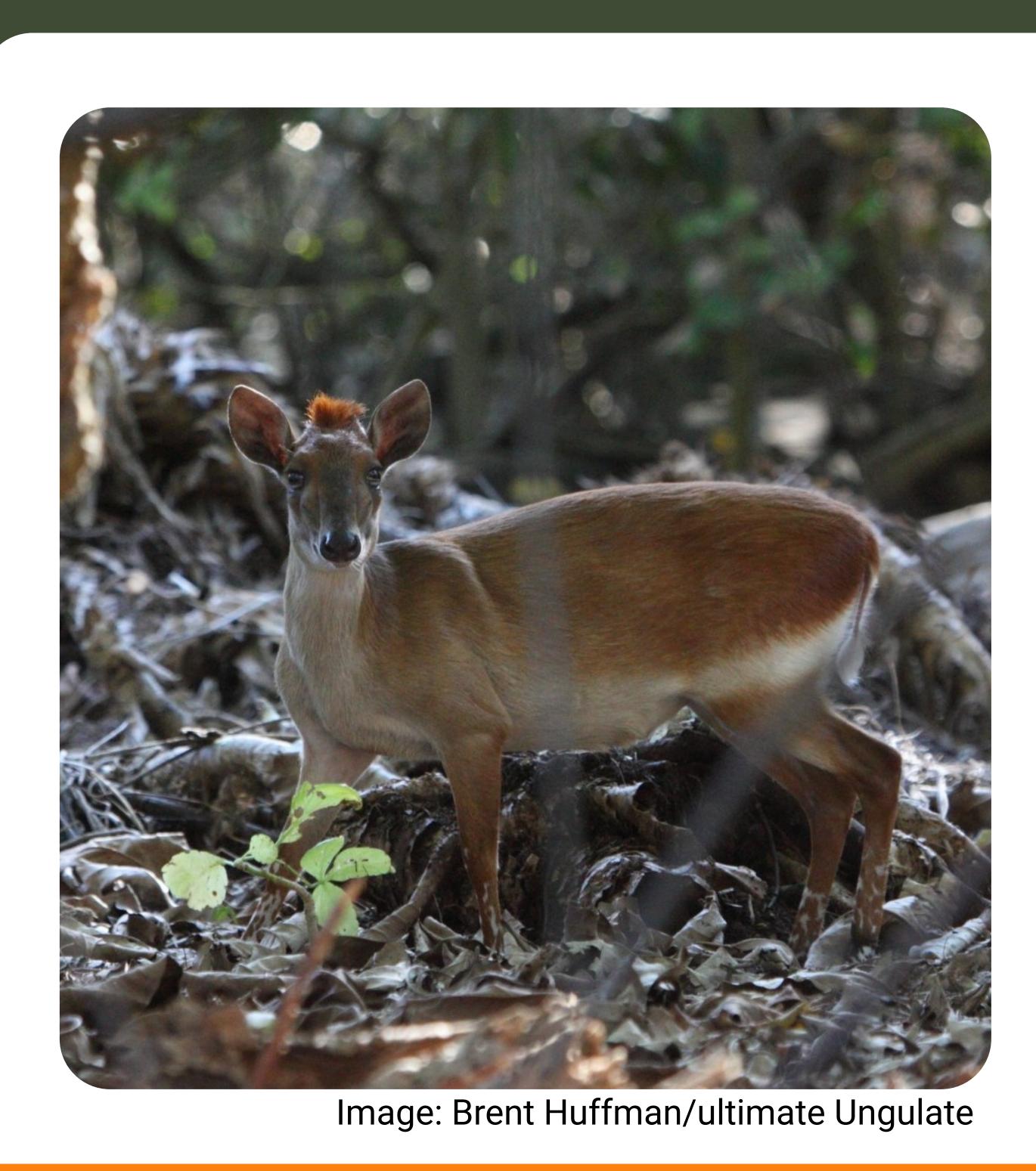
- Arabuko-Sokoke population is
 c.200 animals & increasing
- Traditionally migrated to and from Tsavo and Arabuko
- Has major impact on forest vegetation

ENDANGERED



HARRISON'S GIANT MASTIFF BAT OTOMOPS HARRISONI

- Only found in Kenya, Ethiopia and southern Arabia
- Species only described in 2015
- Ears are 1/4 the length of its body



ADER'S DUIKER
CEPHALOPHUS ADERSI

VULNERABLE

- Found only in Arabuko-Sokoke,
 Boni-Dodori forest and Zanzibar
- Population <14,000 and declining
- A beautiful, small antelope of dense forest thicket

VULNERABLE



SOKOKE BUSHY-TAILED MONGOOSE BDEOGALE OMNIVORA

- Only found in Kenyan coastal forests and northern Tanzania
- Rarest mongoose whose biology is mostly unknown
- Population <9,000 and declining



VULNERABLE

DECKEN'S HORSESHOE BAT RHINOLOPHUS DECKENII

- Only found in Kenya and Tanzania
- Little known about it but population declining
- A tiny bat, it occurs in colonies of c.20 individuals

NEAR THREATENED

PRESERVING THE ARABUKO-SOKOKE FOREST IS CRITICAL FOR THE SURVIVAL OF ITS BIODIVERSITY

VULNERABLE











